5 local governments selected in Ghana

PMI-WILL

The Partner Districts



Tema Metropolitan Assembly

Legislative instrument	Tema became an Autonomous Council in 1974 and was elevated to the status of a Metropolitan Assembly in December, 1990. LI 2033 that established the District.
Location	The Tema Metropolis is a coastal district situated about 30 kilometers East of Accra, the Capital City of Ghana The Greenwich Meridian (i.e. Longitude 0º) passes through the Metropolis, which meets the equator or latitude 0° in the Ghanaian waters of the Gulf of Guinea.
Land size	The Metropolis covers an area of about 396km ²
Economy	Industrial, Commercial, Fishing
Population	177, 924 of which 49.1% Males and 50.9% Females. 71%
Religion	71% Christians and 18% Muslims and other religious affiliates constitute 11%
Roads	Planned city with well inter connected roads and train lines. Good telephone network

Kwahu West Municipal Assembly

Legislative instrument	carved out of Kwahu South District as Kwahu West District in August, 2004 by a Legislative Instrument 1589. It was however upgraded to a Municipal status in July, 2007 by Legislative Instrument 1870
Location	Nkawkaw is located about 241 kilometres north-west of Accra
Population	98584 people with male 44,875 (48%) and female population constitutes 48,709 (52%).
Electoral areas	The Municipal Assembly is made up of 26 electoral areas.
Economic activity	The economic activities in the Municipality include; baking, timber processing, wood fabrication, steel works, sachet water production, transport services, Banking, commerce (trading) ceramics, farming, block making, mining, and services.

Atebubu Amanten Municipal Assembly

Legislative instrument	The Atebubu Amanten District was carved out of the then Atebubu District in 2004 and was elevated to a Municipality by the Legislative Instrument (LI) 2266 in 2017.
Population	144,947 with 72,993 males and 71,954 females.
Size	The municipality has a surface area of about 2426 square kilometers.
Location	The Municipality is located between latitudes 7o 23"N and 8o 22"N and longitudes 0o 30'W and 1o 26'W. The municipal capital (Atebubu) is about 155km from Kumasi and 108 km from the regional capital, Techiman.
Economy	It employs about 70% of the economically active labour forcelt employs about 70% of the economically active labour force. Farming in the Municipal is largely carried out on small-scale basis.
Road network	Most of the feeder roads are still not in good shape. Out of the total of 836.4 km road network in the municipal, only 324.00km representing 38.74% are engineered the rest in fair and bad condition
Religion	Christians dominate, comprising 62.2%, Muslim 29.6% and Traditional religion 8.2% of the population. Most of the Muslims are settler farmers from the three northern regions.

Nandom Municipal Assembly

Legislative Instrument (LI)	LI 2102 and inaugurated on 28th June, 2012.
Location	The Municipality lies in the North Western corner of the Upper West Region of Ghana between longitude 20 25W and 20 45W and Latitude 100 20N and 110 00S
Road network	Three trunk roads, namely; Lawra Nandom-Hamile, Nandom-Ko-Jirapa and Lambussie-Nandom roads run through the Municipality. (Transit zone)
Land size	The total area 567.6 square km.
Population	51,328 comprising 25,577 male and 25,751 females
Telecommunicat ion	The Municipal has one Post Office which is somehow inactive. Telecommunication facilities in the Municipality include; Vodafone, MTN and Airtel- Tigo. Two Radio stations
Economy	Agriculture accounts for 80% of the Municipal economy. Commerce/Service and industry account for about 18.2% and 0.8% respectively.
Religion	Christian 85.7%, Muslims 6.6% whilst Traditional African Religion 5.7%.

Saboba District Assembly

Location	Saboba District is bounded by River Oti, an international boundary for Ghana and the Republic of Togo. The District lies between Latitudes 24o and 25 o North, Longitudes 27o and 13 o East.
Land size	1,751.2km ²
Population	65706 with 49.2% Males and 50.8 Females
Economy	93% Agricultural economy (peasant farmers)
Ethnicity	Kokomba, Ewes, Moshes and Anufo
Religion	56% Christians, 9.4% Islam, 28.6% Traditions and 1% others
Telecommunica tion	Very low internet connectivity within the district. Mobile phones is the main means of communication. Poor road network.